NEW RIVER VALLEY REGIONAL JAIL AUTHORITY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

New River Valley Regional Jail Authority Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FINANCIAL SECTION		
	<u>Exhi</u> bit	Page
Independent Auditors' Report		1-2
Basic Financial Statements:		
Government-Wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Assets	. 1	3
Statement of Activities		4
Fund Financial Statements:		
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	. 3	5
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement		
of Net Assets	. 4	6
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances –		
Governmental Funds	. 5	7
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes		
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	. 6	8
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Agency Funds	. 7	9
Notes to Financial Statements		10-22
Required Supplementary Information:		
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances –		
Budget and Actual:		
General Fund	. 8	23-24
General Fund	. 0	20-24
Other Supplementary Information:		
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-major Governmental Funds	. 9	25
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Non-major		
Governmental Funds	. 10	26
COMPLIANCE SECTION	- _	
Compliance:		
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control over		
Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed		
in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards		27
		

ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of The New River Valley Regional Jail Authority Dublin, Virginia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the New River Valley Regional Jail Authority, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the entity's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the New River Valley Regional Jail Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards and Commissions* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the New River Valley Regional Jail Authority, as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 27, 2006 on our consideration of the New River Valley Regional Jail Authority's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreement and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

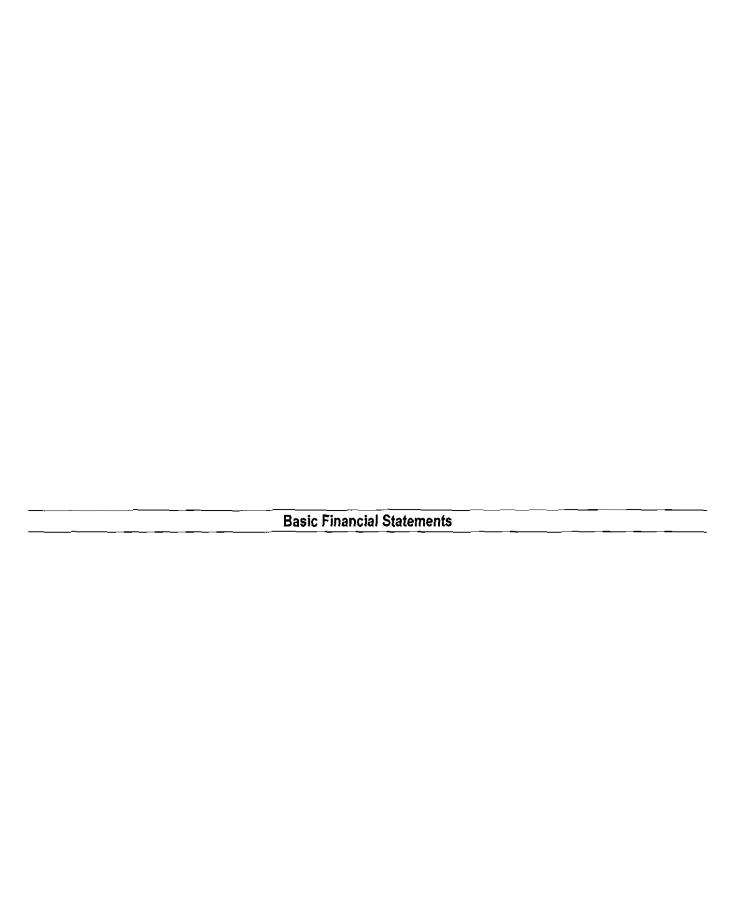
The Authority has elected not to present a Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents, is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Christiansburg, Virginia

Robinson, Farmer, Cox associates

July 27, 2006



New River Valley Regional Jail Authority Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

	-	Primary Government Governmental Activities
	-	Activities
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,509,818
Cash and cash equivalents with trustee - restricted		3,122,314
Accounts receivable		570,137
Due from governmental units		748,222
Deferred charges		402,006
Capital assets (net of accumulated		
depreciation):		
Land		162,240
Buildings and system		22,936,749
Machinery and equipment	_	1,891,048
Total assets	\$_	32,342,534
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	46,126
Accrued interest payable		241,992
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year		1,262,324
Due in more than one year	_	18,079,200
Total liabilities	\$_	19,629,642
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of		
related debt	\$	5,715,037
Restricted for debt service		3,122,314
Unrestricted	_	3,875,541
Total net assets	\$	12,712,892

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

New River Valley Regional Jail Authority Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Net (Expense) Revenue and **Program Revenues Changes in Net Assets** Capital Operating Regional Jail Authority Governmental Charges for Grants and Grants and Functions/Programs **Expenses** <u>Services</u> Contributions Contributions **Activities** Primary Government: Governmental activities: 9,778,468 \$ Public safety \$ 5,097,664 \$ 5,967,753 \$ \$ 1,286,949 1,061,452 (1,061,452) Interest on long-term debt 5,097,664 \$ 5,967,753 \$ 10,839,920 \$ 225,497 Total government activities 5,097,664 \$ 10,839,920 \$ 5,967,753 \$ 225,497 Total General revenues: 215,681 Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property \$ 328,942 Miscellaneous Gain on sale of capital assets 7,885 552,508 Total general revenues 778,005 Change in net assets Net assets - beginning 11,934,887 12,712,892 Net assets - ending

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

New River Valley Regional Jail Authority Balance Sheet Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

ASSETS						Other Governmental		
Current assets:		General		Debt Service		Funds		Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ _	2,495,577	\$	-	` \$ [']	14,241	ş —	2,509,818
Cash and cash equivalents with trustee - restricted		-		3,122,314		-		3,122,314
Accounts receivable		567,647		-		2,490		570,137
Due from other governmental units	_	748,222					_	748,222
Total assets	\$ =	3,811,446	\$	3,122,314	\$	16,731	\$_	6,950,491
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$_	46,126	\$	<u></u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$_	46,126
Total liabilities	\$_	46,126	\$	<u>.</u>	\$	·	. \$	46,126
Fund balance:								
Reserved:								
Reserved for debt service	\$	-	\$	3,122,314	\$	-	\$	3,122,314
Unreserved:								
Designated for future expenditure		•		-		16,731		16,731
Undesignated	_	3,765,320	-			<u> </u>	· <u> </u>	3,765,320
Total fund balance	\$_	3,765,320	\$	3,122,314	\$	16,731	. \$ _	6,904,365
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	3,811,446	\$	3,122,314	\$	16,731	\$	6,950,491

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

New River Valley Regional Jail Authority Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2006

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet	\$	6,904,365
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		24,990,037
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		402,006
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	_	(19,583,516)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$_	12,712,892

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

New River Valley Regional Jail Authority Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Other

						Other		
		_				Governmental		
Revenues:		General		Debt Service		Funds		Total
Revenue from use of money and property	\$	77,919	\$	137,762	\$	-	Ş	215,681
Charges for services		5,045,849		-		51,815		5,097,664
Telephone commissions		263,549		-		-		263,549
Recovered costs		72,014		-		•		72,014
Miscellaneous		65,393		-		•		65,39 3
Intergovernmental		5,286,103	•	•		681,650		5,967,753
Total revenues	\$_	10,810,827	. \$	137,762	\$	733,465	\$	11,682,054
Expenditures:								
Public Safety:								
Employee costs	\$	5,730,165	\$	•	\$	557,274	\$	6,287,439
Medical costs		770,260		-		-		770,260
Building costs		578,430		•		-		578,4 30
Administrative costs		37,113		-		•		37,113
Service contract/treatment costs		127,204		•		4,207		131 ,411
Telecommunications costs		72,193		-		-		72,193
Vehicle/equipment costs		209,143		-		34,034		243,177
Inmate services costs		641,954		-		-		641,954
Custodial costs		31,519		•		-		31 ,519
Travel costs		1,166		-		18,949		20,115
Training and operational costs		34,809		-		80,734		115,543
Miscellaneous		10,241		•		6,382		16,623
Professional Fees Jail Expansion		64,950		•				64,950
Repayment of grant funds		-		•		50,116		50,116
Debt Service:								
Principal		•		945,000		-		945,000
Interest	-			989,940				989,940
Total expenditures	\$_	8,309,147	\$	1,934,940	\$.	751,696	\$	10,995,783
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	2,501,680	\$	(1,797,178)	\$	(18,231)	\$	686,271
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers from (to) other funds (net)	\$_	(1,682,176)	\$.	1,706,864	\$	(24,688)	\$	
Net change in fund balance	\$	819,504	\$	(90,314)	\$	(42,919)	\$	686,271
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	2,945,816		3,212,628		59,650		6,218,094
Fund balance, end of year	\$_	3,765,320	\$	3,122,314	\$	16,731_	\$	6,904,365

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

New River Valley Regional Jail Authority Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	686,271
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which the depreciation exceeded		
capital asset purchases in the current period.		(758, 572)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect		
of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		862,50 2
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current		
financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	-	(12,196)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ _	778,005

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

New River Valley Regional Jail Authority

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets

Agency Funds June 30, 2006

	 Agency Funds	
ASSETS		
Cash Due from others	\$ 57,216 12,124	
Total assets	\$ 69,340	
LIABILITIES		
Amounts held for inmate benefits	 69,340	
Total liabilities	\$ 69,340	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

New River Valley Regional Jail Authority

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2006

Note 1-Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The financial statements of the New River Valley Regional Jail Authority (the Authority) conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to government units promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Authority was created by concurrent resolutions of the Counties of Bland, Carroll, Floyd, Giles, Grayson, Pulaski, Wythe and the City of Radford. The Authority was created under the provisions of Title 53.1, Chapter 3, Articles 3.1 and 5 of the Code of Virginia 1950, as amended. The Authority was created to construct and operate a jail facility for the participating jurisdictions.

The Authority does not have any component units. In addition, the Jail is not considered a component unit of any of the participating jurisdictions.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Authority (primary government). For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Exceptions to this general rule are other charges between the Authority's functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when eamed and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis* of *accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general-purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the government receives cash.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The Authority reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Authority's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Authority, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The Authority reports the following non-major governmental funds:

The Home Electronic Monitoring Fund accounts for financial resources of the Home Electronic Monitoring Program.

The Community Corrections/Pretrial Services Fund accounts for financial resources of the Community Correction and Pretrial Services grant programs

Additionally, the Authority reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the Authority in a trustee capacity or as agent or custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. Agency funds include the Commissary Fund and the Inmate Trust Fund.

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity

1. Deposits and investments

The Authority's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments for the Authority are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

2. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

3. Allowance for Un-collectible Accounts

Accounts receivable are stated at book value utilizing the direct write-off method for uncollectible accounts by posting same to the allowance for doubtful accounts. At year end, the allowance for doubtful accounts carried a balance of \$14,955. No accounts were deemed uncollectible during the fiscal year.

4. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

5. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

D. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (continued)

5. Capital assets - continued

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the Authority are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building improvements	20
Machinery and equipment	5-10

6. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. In accordance with the provisions of Government Accounting Standards No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, no liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The Authority accrues salary-related payments associated with the payment of compensated absences. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements.

7. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of the Authority's revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. The revenue bond payment accounts are used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next twelve months. The "debt service reserve" is used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the revenue bond payment account.

8. Lorig-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

.

E. Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity (continued)

8. Long-term obligations - continued

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures

9. Fund equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

10. Net Assets

Net assets are the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets represent capital assets, less accumulated depreciation less any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between fund balance-total governmental funds and net assets-governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statements of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. The details of this \$(19,583,516) difference for the primary government are as follows:

	_	Primary Government
Bonds (net of unamortized discount)	\$	19,040,161
Accrued interest payable Compensated absences	_	241,992 301,363
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance-total governmental funds to arrive at		
net assets-governmental activities	\$_	19,583,516

Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds* and *changes in net assets of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains, "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$(758,572) are as follows:

		Primary Government	
Capital outlays	\$	154,281	
Disposal of assets (net of accumulated depreciation)		(10,939)	
Depreciation expense	_	(901,914)	
Net adjustment to increase (decrease) net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of			
governmental activities	\$_	(758,572)	

Another element of that reconciliation states "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$862,502 difference in the primary government are as follows:

	_	Primary Government
Principal payments on bonds	\$	945,000
Deferred charge for issuance costs (to be amortized over the life of debt)		(52,077)
Issuance Discount (to be amortized as interest expense)	_	(30,421)
Net adjustment to increase (decrease) net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of		
governmental activities	\$_	862,502

Note 2-Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (continued)

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities. (continued)

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this (\$12,196) difference for the primary government are as follows:

		Primary Government		
Compensated absences Accrued interest	\$_	(23,182) 10,986		
Net adjustment to increase (decrease) net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$_	(12,196)		

Note 3-Deposits and Investments:

Deposits

All cash of the Authority is maintained in accounts collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (a multiple financial institution collateral pool), Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia or covered by federal depository insurance. Under the Act, banks holding public deposits in excess of the amounts insured by FDIC must pledge collateral in the amount of 50% of excess deposits to a collateral pool in the name of the State Treasury Board. Savings and Loan institutions are required to collateralize 100% of deposits in excess of FDIC limits. Deposits covered by the Act are considered insured since the Treasury Board is authorized to make additional assessments.

Investments

Statutes authorize the Authority to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper and certain corporate notes, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

New River Valley Regional Jail Authority Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2006

Note 3-Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The Authority's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2006 were rated by Standards and Poor's and the ratings are presented below using Standard and Poor's rating scale.

Rated Debt Investments' Values

<u> </u>	Fair Quality Ratings								
Rated Debt Investments		AAAm		AAm	Α	Unrated			
STI Classic US Treasury Money Market Fund Morgan Guaranty Trust	\$	-	\$	1,162,387	-	1,959,927			
Local Government Investment Pool		1,885,201		-		<u> </u>			
Total	_\$_	1,885,201	\$	1,162,387 \$		1,959,927			

External Investment Pools

The fair value of the positions in the external investment pool (Local Government Investment Pool) are the same as the value of the pool shares. The Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pools rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP maintains a policy to operate in a manner consistent with SEC Rule 2a-7.

Note 4-Due from Other Governmental Units:

The following amount represents payments due from other governmental units at year end:

	A	mount Due
Commonwealth of Virginia:		
Categorical aid	\$	748,222

This space left blank intentionally

Note 5-Long-Term Debt:

Primary Government - Governmental Activity Indebtedness:

Annual requirements to amortize long-term debt and related interest are as follows:

Year Ending		Revenue Bonds								
June 30,		Principal		Interest						
2007	\$	990,000	\$	944,951						
2008		1,035,000		897,611						
2009		1,085,000		847,248						
2010		1,135,000		793,401						
2011		1,190,000		735,843						
2012		1,250,000		674,843						
2013		1,315,000		610,718						
2014		1,380,000		542,481						
2015		1,450,000		469,962						
2016		1,525,000		393,728						
2017		1,605,000		313,521						
2018		1,685,000		229,215						
2019		1,770,000		140,681						
2020		1,860,000		47,662						
Tatala	•	40.075.000	e	7 644 005						
Totals	\$	19,275,000	\$	7,641,865						

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the Authority for the year ended June 30, 2006.

	_	Balance July 1, 2005		Issuances	_	Retirements	_	Balance June 30, 2006
Revenue bonds Compensated absences	\$ 	20,220,000 278,181	\$ - –	234,600	\$ _	(945,000) (211,418)	\$_	19,275,000 301,363
Total	\$	20,498,181	\$	234,600	\$	(1,156,418)	\$	19,576,363

Note 5-Long-Term Debt: (continued)

Primary Government - Governmental Activity Indebtedness: (continued)

Details of long-term indebtedness:

· ·	Total Amount		Amount Due Within One Year
Revenue Bond:			
\$ 24,375,000 in revenue bonds issued November 1, 1997, with interest due semiannually on October 1 and April 1 until maturity on October 1, 2019. Interest accrues at rates varying from 4.15% to 5.125%. Principal payments varying from \$905,000 to \$1,860,000 are due annually through October 1,			
2019.	\$ 19,275,000	\$	990,000
Less: unamortized portion of the original issue discount	 (234,839)		(29,039)
	19,040,161		960,961
Other Obligation:			
Compensated absences	\$ 301,363	\$_	301,363
Total Loan-term obligations	\$ 19,341,524	\$_	1,262,324

Note 6-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans:

A. Plan Description

Name of Plan: Virginia Retirement System (VRS)

Identification of Plan: Agent and Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Administering Entity: Virginia Retirement System (System)

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating employers must participate in the VRS. Benefits vest after five years of service. Employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 65 with 5 years of service (age 60 for participating local law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) or at age 50 with at least 30 years of service if elected by the employer (age 50 with at least 25 years of service for participating local law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1.7 percent of their average final compensation (AFC) for each year of credited service. Benefits are actuarially reduced for retirees who retire prior to becoming eligible for full retirement benefits. In addition, retirees qualify for annual cost-of-living increases limited to 5% per year beginning in their second year of retirement. AFC is defined as the highest consecutive 36 months of reported compensation. Participating local law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs may receive a monthly benefit supplement if they retire prior to age 65. The VRS also provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the Code of Virginia (1950), as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

The system issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for VRS. A copy of that report may be downloaded from their website at http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/2005AnnuRept.pdfor obtained by writing to the System at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500

Note 6-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (continued)

B. Funding Policy

Plan members are required by Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u> (1950), as amended, to contribute 5% of their annual salary to the VRS. The employer may assume this 5% member contribution. In addition, the Authority is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund its participation in the VRS using the actuarial basis specified by the <u>Code of Virginia</u> and approved by the VRS Board of Trustees. The Authority's contribution rate for the fiscal year ended 2006 was 11.25% of annual covered payroll.

C. Annual Pension Cost

For fiscal year 2006, Authority's annual pension cost of \$490,409 was equal to the Authority's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2004 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.5% investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.50% to 5.73% per year, and (c) 2.50% per year cost-of-living adjustments. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 2.50%. The actuarial value of the Authority's assets is equal to the modified market value of assets. This method uses techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of assets over a five-year period. The Authority's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on an open basis within a period of 30 years or less.

Three-Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ending	Year Pension		Net Pension Obligation		
6/30/2003	360,484	100.00%	\$	_	
6/30/2004	365,613	100.00%		_	
6/30/2005	459,484	100.00%		-	
6/30/2006	490.409	100 00%			

Note 6-Employee Retirement System and Pension Plans: (continued)

C. Annual Pension Cost (continued)

Schedule of Funding Progress

Valuation as of (1)	 Actuarial Value of Assets (2)	Actuarial Accrued ability (AAL) (3)	Unfunded AL (UAAL) (3) - (2) (4)	Funded Ratio Assets as % of AAL (2)/(3) (5)	Annual Covered Payroll (6)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll (4)/(6) (7)
6/30/2005	\$ 3,082,808	\$ 4,242,443	\$ 1,159,635	72.67%	\$ 4,195,695	27.64%
6/30/2004	2,395,779	3,471,700	1,075,921	69.01%	4,024,203	26.74%
6/30/2003	1,738,061	2,852,285	1,114,224	60.94%	3,901,327	28.56%
6/30/2002	1,027,439	945,657	(81,782)	108.65%	3,390,431	-2.41%
6/30/2001	645,789	541,088	(104,701)	119.35%	2,893,100	-3.62%

Note 7-Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2006 was as follows:

Primary Government:

	_	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				_			_	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	162,240	\$	-	\$	-	\$	162,240
Total capital assets not being depreciated	\$_	162,240	\$	-	\$_		\$_	162,240
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings	\$	27,806,734	\$	-	\$	-	\$	27,806,734
Machinery and equipment		3,091,882		154,281		(19,927)		3,226,236
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	30,898,616	\$_	154,281	\$_	(19,927)	\$_	31,032,970
Less: accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings	\$	(4,174,817)	\$	(695,168)	\$	-	\$	(4,869,985)
Machinery and equipment		(1,137,430)		(206,746)		8,988		(1,335,188)
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	(5,312,247)	\$_	(901,914)	\$_	8,988	\$_	(6,205,173)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	\$_	25,586,369	\$_	(747,633)	\$	(10,939)	\$_	24,827,797
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$_	25,748,609	\$_	(747,633)	\$_	(10,939)	\$_	24,990,037

All depreciation expense was charged to the public safety function in the Statement of Activities.

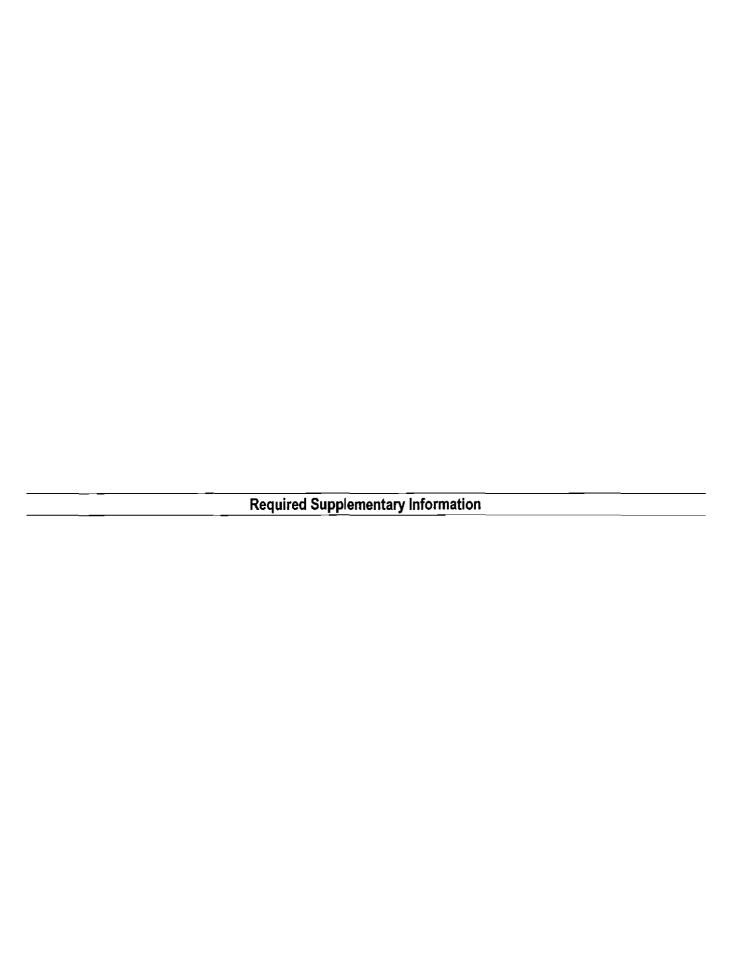
New River Valley Regional Jail Authority Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2006

Note 8-Risk Management:

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Authority participates with other government entities in a public entity risk pool for their coverage of liability, building, property, and auto insurance through the Virginia Municipal Liability Pool. Each member of this risk pool jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The Authority pays the Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates, into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the pool, claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss, deficit, or depletion of all available excess insurance, the pool may assess all members in the proportion to which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs. Settled claims have not exceeded pool coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 9-Compensated Absences:

Authority employees earn vacation and sick leave each month at a scheduled rate in accordance with years of service, accumulated unpaid vacation and other compensatory leave amounts are accrued when incurred. At June 30, the liability for accrued leave totaled \$301,363.



New River Valley Regional Jail Authority

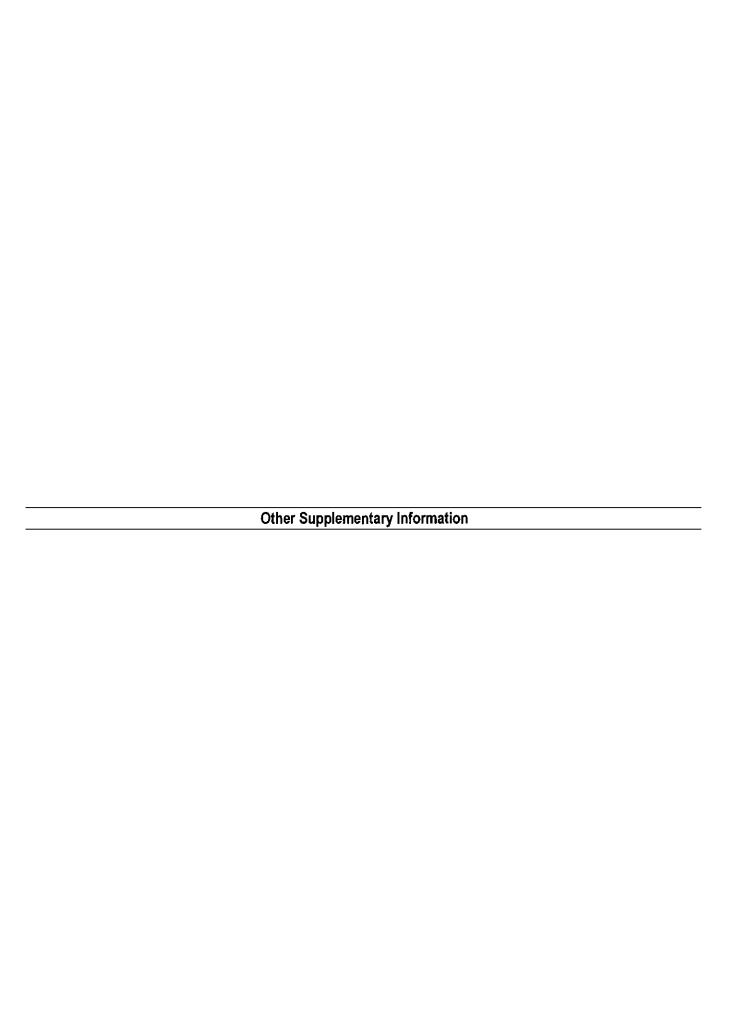
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -- General Fund Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	_	Bud g ete	d A			Actual	Variance with Final Budget- Positive
Revenues:	_	Original		Final	_	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenue from local sources:							
Charges to participating jurisdictions:							
Bland County	\$	85,400	\$	85,400	\$	57,461 \$	(27,939)
Carroll County		535,400		535,400		534,353	(1,047)
Giles County		365,300		365,300		397,484	32,184
Grayson County		361,000		361,000		340,382	(20,618)
Floyd County		181,200		181,200		140,671	(40,529)
Pulaski County		1,128,100		1,128,100		1,398,100	270,000
City of Radford		244,600		244,600		368,979	124,379
Wythe County		788,000		788,000		736,544	(51,456)
Charges to other localities/entities		135,000		135,000		28,231	(106,769)
U.S. Marshall Fixed Contract		841,000		841,000		1,036,644	195,644
Work release program		17,000		17,000		24,601	7,601
Interest income		15,000		15,000		77,919	62,919
Inmate telephone income		145,000		145,000		263,549	118,549
Live scan program		10,000		10,000		7,000	(3,000)
Inmate cost recovery		17,000		17,000		47,413	30,413
Miscellaneous income	_	40,000		40,000	_	65,393	25,393
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	4,909,000	\$_	4,909,000	\$ _	5,524,724 \$	615,724_
Revenue from the Commonwealth:							
Categorical aid:							
Reimbursement of salaries and wages	\$	4,155,000	\$	4,155,000	\$	4,164,718 \$	9,718
State per diem payments	_	1,200,000	- -	1,200,000	_	1,121,385	(78,615)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$_	5,355,000	\$ _	5,355,000	\$_	5,286,103 \$	(68,897)
Total operating revenues	\$_	10,264,000	\$	10,264,000	\$ _	10,810,827 \$	546,827

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -- General Fund Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2006 (Continued)

	_	Adjusted Budget	Adjusted Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Expenditures:					
Employee costs	\$	5,794,300 \$	5,794,300 \$	5,730,165 \$	64,135
Medical costs		807,900	807,900	770,260	37,640
Building costs		474,100	474,100	578,430	(104,330)
Administrative costs		52,130	52,130	37,113	15,017
Service contract/treatment costs		140,170	140,170	127,204	12,966
Telecommunications costs		65,800	65,800	72,193	(6,393)
Vehicle/equipment costs		165,850	165,850	209,143	(43,293)
Inmate services costs		591,950	591,950	641,954	(50,004)
Custodial costs		18,200	18,2 00	31,519	(13,319)
Travel costs		3,500	3,500	1,166	2,334
Training and operational costs		33,500	33,500	34,809	(1,309)
Miscellaneous		-	-	10,241	(10,241)
Professional Fees Jail Expansion	_		<u> </u>	64,950	(64,950)
Total expenditures	\$_	8,147,400 \$	8,147,400 \$	8,309,147 \$	(161,747)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$	2,116,600 \$	2,116,600 \$	2,501,680 \$	385,080
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers to other funds	\$_	(1,925,700) \$	(1,925,700) \$	(1,682,176) \$	<u>243,524</u>
Net change in fund balance	\$	190,900 \$	190,900 \$	819,504 \$	628,604
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	<u> </u>		2,945,816	2,945,816
Fund balance, end of year	\$_	190,900 \$	190,900 \$	3,765,320 \$	3,574,420



New River Valley Regional Jail Authority

Combining Balance Sheet Non-major Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2006

		Home Electronic Monitoring		Community Corrections/ Pretrial Services		Total	
ASSETS			_	_	_		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	400	\$	13,841	\$	14,241	
Receivables (net of allowance							
for uncollectibles):							
Accounts receivable		2,490	_	.	_	2,490	
Total assets	\$	2,890	\$ _	13,841	\$ =	16,731	
FUND BALANCES							
Fund balances:							
Unreserved:							
Designated for subsequent expenditure	\$	2,890	\$ _	13,841	\$_	16,731	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,890	\$_	13,841	\$	16,731	

New River Valley Regional Jail Authority

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Non-major Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

	_	Home Electronic Monitoring	_	Community Corrections/ Pretrial Services		Total
Revenues: Revenue from local sources:						
Charges for services	\$_	51,815	\$_		\$.	51,815
Total revenue from local sources	\$_	51,815	\$_		\$.	51,815
Revenue from the Commonwealth: Categorical aid:						
Community Corrections/Pretrial Grants	\$_	- _	\$	681,650	\$.	681,650
Total revenue	\$ _	51,815	\$	681,650	\$.	733,465
Expenditures:						
Employee costs Consultants/treatment Equipment costs	\$		\$	557,274 4,207 34,034	\$	557,274 4,207 34,034
Travel costs Training and operational costs Miscellaneous Repayment of grant funds		25,277		18,949 55,457 6,382 50,116		18,949 80,734 6,382 50,116
	\$ <u></u>	25,277	\$ <u></u>	726,419	\$ _	751,696
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	\$_	26,538	\$_		\$_	(18,231)
Transfers to other funds	\$_	(24,688)	\$_	<u>.</u>	\$ _	(24,688)
Net change in fund balances	\$	1,850	\$	(44,769)	\$	(42,919)
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	1,040		58,610	_	59,650
Fund balance, end of year	\$_	2,890	\$	13,841	\$ _	16,731



ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

A PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of The New River Valley Regional Jail Authority Dublin, Virginia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major funds, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the New River Valley Regional Jail Authority, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the New River Valley Regional Jail Authority's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 27, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, Specifications for Audits of Authorities, Boards and Commissions issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the New River Valley Regional Jail Authority's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the New River Valley Regional Jail Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

However, we noted certain matters that we reported to the management of the New River Valley Regional Jail Authority in a separate letter dated July 27, 2006.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management and it is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Christiansburg, Virginia

Robinson, Farmer, Cox associates

July 27, 2006